§ 28.11

$\S 28.10$ Authority, purpose, and scope.

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(b) Purpose. * * *

(c) Scope. This subpart applies to all Federal branches and agencies of foreign banks. Nothing in the OCC's rules relieves a Federal branch or agency from complying with requirements that are imposed by the FRB under Regulation K (12 CFR part 211) or otherwise imposed in accordance with applicable law.

§ 28.11 Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart:

- (a) Affiliate means any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another entity.
- (b) Agreement corporation means a corporation having an agreement or undertaking with the FRB under section 25 of the FRA, 12 U.S.C. 601 through 604a
- (c) Capital equivalency deposit means a deposit by a Federal branch or agency in a member bank as described in section 4 of the IBA, 12 U.S.C. 3102(g).
- (d) Change the status of an office means conversion of a:
- (1) State branch or state agency operated by a foreign bank, or a commercial lending company controlled by a foreign bank, into a Federal branch, imited Federal branch, or Federal agency;
- (2) Federal agency into a Federal branch or limited Federal branch;
- (3) Federal branch into a limited Federal branch or Federal agency; or
- (4) Limited Federal branch into a Federal branch or Federal agency.
- (e) *Control.* An entity controls another entity if the entity directly or indirectly controls or has the power to vote 25 percent or more of any class of voting securities of the other entity or controls in any manner the election of a majority of the directors or trustees of the other entity.
- (f) Edge corporation means a corporation that is organized under section 25A of the FRA, 12 U.S.C. 611 through 631.
- (g) Establish a Federal branch or agency means to:
- (1) Open and conduct business through a Federal branch or agency;
- (2) Acquire directly or indirectly through merger, consolidation, or similar transaction with another foreign

bank, the operations of a Federal branch or agency that is open and conducting business;

- (3) Acquire a Federal branch or agency through the acquisition of a foreign bank subsidiary that will cease to operate in the same corporate form following the acquisition;
 - (4) Change the status of an office; or

(5) Relocate a Federal branch or agency within a state or from one state to another.

- (h) Federal agency means an office or place of business, licensed by the OCC and operated by a foreign bank in any state, that may engage in the business of banking, including maintaining credit balances, cashing checks, and lending money, but may not accept deposits from citizens or residents of the United States. Obligations may not be considered credit balances unless they
- (1) Incidental to, or arise out of the exercise of, other lawful banking powers:
 - (2) To serve a specific purpose;
- (3) Not solicited from the general public;
- (4) Not used to pay routine operating expenses in the United States such as salaries, rent, or taxes;
- (5) Withdrawn within a reasonable period of time after the specific purpose for which they were placed has been accomplished; and
- (6) Drawn upon in a manner reasonable in relation to the size and nature of the account.
- (i) Federal branch means an office or place of business, licensed by the OCC and operated by a foreign bank in any state, that may engage in the business of banking, including accepting deposits, that is not a Federal agency as defined in paragraph (h) of this section.
- (j) Foreign bank means an organization that is organized under the laws of a foreign country, a territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, or the Virgin Islands, and that engages directly in the business of banking in a foreign country.
- (k) Foreign business means any entity, including a corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, association, foundation or trust that is organized under the laws of a foreign country, or any